From Greenland to Our Coasts: Learning about Earth systems with open-source GIS

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# From Greenland to Our Coasts: Learning about Earth systems with open-source GIS

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# Why teach using GIS?

GIS in education isn't **just** mapmaking. It can be used for:

- Leverage students' existing knowledge (GPS, Apps)
- Data visualization and effective communication (embedded in articles, videos, storymaps)
- Creative problem-solving and problem based learning
- Scientific inquiry and data analysis





# **Authentic Data in Education**

### Critical thinking

 analyzing, evaluating, interpreting, or synthesizing information

### Problem-Solving Skills

- Compute
- Simplify
- Build a model





# QGreenland

- **Free**, All-in-one Greenland-focused geospatial data environment for offline and online use
- Data sets representing many diverse disciplines
- QGIS is a **free**, open-source GIS software
  - Has a lot of functionality, used by GIS professionals.
  - Software, not browser based. Requires a laptop for download
- Like All GIS Learning curve, but the benefit of extensive resources available





## **QGreenland: Interdisciplinary**

		HTML			
Basemaps	Biology	CHANGELOG.htm I	Environmental management	Frozen ground	Future projections
					csv
Geology	Geophysics	Glaciology	Human activity	Hydrology	layer_list.csv
			QGS		.PDF
Oceanography	Places	qgreenland.png	qgreenland.qgs	qgreenland.qgs~	QuickStartGuide. pdf
README.html	Reference	Regional climate models	Sea ice	Terrain models	UserGuide.pdf



# **QGreenland:**

## • Systems

NGSS: Seven
crosscutting
concepts
standards that
bridge
disciplinary
boundaries



Image Credit: NASA/JPL-Caltech



## Resources

## **User Guide & Documentation**

- How to Download and Get started with QQreenland
- Basic Spatial Queries
- Generating Publicationquality Maps and Figures
- How to Create New Data Layers





#### 

#### Adding New Datasets to QGreenland

Once the QGreenland package is downloaded onto a user's computer, it is fully customizable by the user. One can add new data, delete layers within QGreenland, or make changes. Saving the project will update the ggreenland.ggs project file. If you don't want to overwrite the original project version, simply save your updated project using a new filename via 'Save As...' You can create as many different projects as you like, adding or removing data from the downloaded QGreenland package or adding data from elsewhere on your computer.

#### Uploading New Layers to QGreenland

To add new data layers to QGreenland:

- In the Menu Bar, go to Layer -> Add Layer, and choose the layer type you want to add. Alternatively, you can either click on the desired add layer button in the toolbar, or click on the Data Source Manager button in the Data Source Manager toolbar.
- Any option you choose will open the same Data Source Manager window. On the right side of the window, you can double check that the layer type you want to add is highlighted.
- 3. Navigate to the data file that you want to add as a layer, then click Add.

#### Selecting for Greenland-Specific Data

Because the geographic extent of some QGreenland data layers extends beyond the geographic and political border of Greenland to include the surrounding water bodies and land masses, it might sometimes be necessary to filter out certain data if one is only interested in data within Greenland's geographic boundary. You can do this using the Greenland coastlines 2017 polygon layer.

## qgreenland.readthedocs.io



## Resources

## **Beginner Video Tutorial Series**

- Series of 7 short videos, each less than 10 minutes (~one-hour play time)
- Designed for those with no prior experience with either GIS or QGIS
- Videos walk you through step-by-step:
  - Data in Qgreenland
  - Navigating QGIS interface
  - Types of GIS data
  - Editing, adding data
  - Geoprocessing Toolbox
  - Exporting map





# Examples of Instruction: Complete Curriculum

#### Advanced High School – Intro undergraduate

Students explore changes to the Greenland Ice Sheet and local importance through data analysis:

- Calculate the average glacial retreat of the Greenland Ice Sheet
- Calculate the contribution of the Greenland Ice Sheet to global average sea level rise
- Estimate future contribution of a to average sea level rise
- Compare and contrast regional sea-level rise in different communities in Alaska
- Create a flood map of a coastal community and assess the flood risk to important community infrastructure



#### Reading passages:

#### Newtok, Alaska

Newtok is located on the Ninglik River near the Bering Sea on the Western coast of Alaska (see map). There are about 400 year round residents that live in Newtok. Newtok has recently been losing 70 feet of land a year due to both sea-level rise and permafrost collapse on the coast. When the once-permanently frozen ground melts, it causes the soil and vegetation to slide away and into the river. This loss of land threatened not only homes in Newtok, but also their freshwater source and waste site. The village has been undertaking the

lengthy process to relocate to new land in Mertarvik, 9 miles south of Newtok. About 100 residents made the move in 2019 after many years spent obtaining funding and building infrastructure. All 400 residents will continue to move as housing, schools, and other facilities continue to be built over the coming years. (Source: Interviews at the Wilson Center)

Juneau, Alaska Juneau Alaska is located in Southeast Alaska, on the coast of the Pacific Ocean (see map). Juneau is home to about 32.000





# Examples of Instruction: Complete Curriculum



POLAR PASS: Undergraduate Advanced Geoscience and Environmental Science

## Module 1: Exploring the Glacier Basin System

Module 2: Long-term Spatial Transformations of the Glacier Basin System

https://serc.carleton.edu/polarpass/index.html Public 2023

14. Looking at the Landsat images and considering the different zones of interest: What do they show about the character of the Earth surface? What is changing through these months? Why might a couple of months of data be missing?





# Thank you!

## **QGreenland.org**

github.com/nsidc/qgreenland/

Contact – qgreenland.info@gmail.com



